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Stockholme, Sept. 7.

Two dayes since arrived here a Trumpet with Letters from the King to the Queen-Mother, and to the Senate, wherein his Majesty gives them an account of the Victory he had obtained over the Danish Troops commanded by Major-General Duncan, at Helmstadt, which has occasioned the greater joy here, for that the conjunction of the Sieur Gullentien with the King of Denmark, will be hindered thereby. Yesterday Te Deum was sung in all our Churches, and all the Artillery about the Town were thrice discharged. The Assembly of the States of this Kingdom will be begun about the latter end of this month. There daily passes Troops through this place, going to our Army.

Naples, Sept. 9. Here is arrived a Gally from Palermo, of which Don Beltran di Guevarra, who is to command the Spanish Squadron of Men of War at present, is also as Lieutenant-General; the said Gally brought him her d'Augustino di Gusman, Colonel of a Regiment which he had quitted in some disgust. The French Fleet is at sea, commanded by the Duke de Viscontie in person, and we are afraid his design is upon Catania or Melazzo; as to the latter, the Viceroy has caused all Foreigners, who are not in the Kings service, to leave the place: 85 Banditti, who had received money of our Viceroy to serve the King, have instead thereof purchased several Feluccas, with which they commit many Piracies at Sea.

Riga, Sept. 11. The Moscovites having drawn a Body of about 30000 Men together on our Frontiers towards Plesco, at a time when there remained several differences concerning the Limits, &c. between us and them, gave us great reason to apprehend they had intention to take the advantage of the present Conjuncture, to make War upon us, and therefore our Governor general caused our Troops to be reinforced, and all things to be put into a posture of defence; but at present we are quite delivered of those fears, by the advice we receive that the Czar of Moscovy has sent positive orders to his Forces, which are near Plesco, to march immediately towards the Ukraïn, to be employed against the Turks and Tartars; and if this News is confirmed, we shall Transport part of the Troops that are at present in this Countrey, into Sweden, to be employed against the Danes.

Legorn, Sept. 15. From Rome we have nothing new concerning the Conclave, but in general it is said, that Cardinal Odescalchi stands the fairest to be chosen Pope. The Cardinals Grimaldi, Ludovisio and Baden were entred into the Conclave, where their number is at present 63 in all, so that there are only two absent, viz the Cardinal Landgrave, and the Cardinal of Arragon, who are not expected. The Letters we receive from Reggio and Melazzo, confirm what we told you in our last, concerning the French Fleets being at Sea again, though when these Letters came away, they had not made any attempt upon the Spaniards, but only Cruised in the Fare of Messina. At Palermo the People continue to be very disorderly, as they are likewise at Brindisi, occa-

sioned by a dispute with one of the Kings Collectors, who has been removed by the Viceroy from his employment, to prevent farther mischief. The Magistrates of Health here, have, by the example of those of other places, recalled the order they made against ships coming from Genoa, being assured that that City is in very good health. Here is arrived the Marquis of Bayonne from Naples, on his way to Spain.

Vienna, Sept. 23. There is now great expectation at Court, that the Emperor will very suddenly declare his Marriage, which will be Celebrated at Linz; and accordingly the orders have been given for the furnishing the Emperors Palace there, and making the other preparations that are necessary. The Queen Dowager of Poland is finally parted from Neustadt, and was to arrive yesterday at Graiz, where her Majesty will keep her residence. His Imperial Majesty has by an Express received an account of the reduction of Philipsburgh, which News is so much the more welcome here, as it was unexpected. General Cops, who at present commands the Imperial Troops in Pomeran, is declared General of the Artillery, in the room of Prince Pio, who was killed with a Cannon Bullet before Philipsburg; and the Regiment the said Prince had, is given to the Count d'Arch. The Regiment of Herberstein is ordered to march into Hungary, to be employed against the Rebels, who, it is said, have lately appeared to the number of 7000 in a Body near Wesermayn. The Turkish Chiaus who arrived here the 12 instant, had the next day Audience of Count Montecuculi, President of the Council of War, to whom he made instance for the liberty of the Bassa, and several other Turkish Officers, who were taken Prisoners some time since.

Strasbourg, Sept. 25. The Imperialists and the Troops of the Circles, which have been employed in the Siege of Philipsburg, had the 22 instant their quarters at Bilsheim, where they rested the 23; yesterday they marched again, and this evening will have joined the Imperial Army at Griesheim near Offenbourg, from whence the Duke of Lorraine will certainly decamp to morrow, and march towards the Enemy, who lie encamped near Brisac. We are told that part of the French Infantry has repassed the Rhine, and that the Duke of Luxemburg will have a Flying Camp near Saverne, the Governor of that place, as well as of Haguenaw, lay up great store of Provisions. The Count of Sireum, who Convoyed the Garison of Philipsburg to Haguenaw, has passed our Bridge with the Troops under his command, and is gone to join the Duke of Lorraine.

Spire, Sept. 25. Three thousand Boors are constantly at work to repair the Fortifications of Philipsburgh, where the Prince of Baden still continues to give the necessary orders; the Imperial Garison is increased to 4000 men. In the mean time the Bishop of Spire, to whom the place did anciently belong, has received the Homage of the Magistrates, and has established several Offices, and ordered other matters relating to the Civil Government.

Cologne, Sept. 29. From Limbourg on the Laen they write,